Canadian Council of Independent Laboratories

Standard Test Method for Density, Relative Density (Specific Gravity), and Absorption of Coarse Aggregate ASTM C127 - 15

APPARATUS / SECTION 6

1. B	alance	/ Clause 6.1
		Sensitive, readable, and accurate to 0.05 % of the sample mass at any point Within the range used for this test or 0.5 g, whichever is greater Equipped with a suitable apparatus for suspending sample container in water under the center of the balance
2. S	ample	Container / Clause 6.2
	a.	Wire basket to suspend from balance (3.35 mm or finer mesh) or bucket of approximately equal breadth and height (4 to 7L capacity for 37.5 mm nominal max. size aggregate or less)
		Note 1: Wire suspending container should be of the smallest practical size.
3. V	√ater Ta	ank / Clause 6.3
	a.	Suitable size water tank of sufficient volume to suspend sample container from Balance
4. S	ieves /	Clause 6.4
	a.	A 4.75 mm (No. 4) sieve or sieves (as specified in Section 7.0) conforming to ASTM E11
5. C	oven / C	Clause 6.5
	a.	Capable of maintaining a uniform temperature of 110 ± 5.0°C (230 ± 9°F)
SAI	MPLING	G / CLAUSE 7.1
	a. \$	Sample in accordance with Practice D 75
SAI	MPLE F	PREPARATION / CLAUSE 7.2 to 7.4
	a.	Reduce sample to the approximate required amount using applicable procedure specified in ASTM
	b.	C702
		Note 2: Designation CA (R/4.75 mm) can be substituted for CA (R/2.36 mm) if a substantial quantity of No. 8 (2.36 mm) material is present in the sample.
		Alternatively

Material passing the P/4.75 mm sieve can be tested in accordance with ASTM C128.

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SAMPLE PREPARATION (CONTINUED)

c. Minimum mass of test sample as given in chart below

Nominal Max. Size / mm (in.)	Minimum Mass of Test Sample kg(lb)
12.5 (½) or less	2 (4.4)
19.0 (¾)	3 (6.6)
25.0 (1.0)	4 (8.8)
37.5 (1½)	5 (11)
50.0 (2.0)	8 (18)
63 (2½)	12 (26)
75 (3.0)	18 (40)
90 (3½)	25 (55)
100 (4.0)	40 (88)
125 (5.0)	75 (165)

d.	Sample tested in several size fraction
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 Sample tested in 2 or more size fractions as determined by gradation in accordance with ASTM C136 using the required sieves for separating the required size fractions

IF CA contains more than 15% material on the R/37.5 mm sieve, material larger than 37.5 mm
to be tested in one or more size fractions separately from the smaller size fractions
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Note 3: Samples tested in separate size fractions, the minimum mass of test sample for each fraction as determined by gradation shall not be less than the difference between the masses specified in above chart.

Note 4: When calculating % of material in each size fraction, do not include the P/4.75 or P/2.36 mm (if applicable) material.

PROCEDUR / SECTION 8

a.	Dry test sample to a constant mass at a temperature of 110 ± 5.0° C – allow
_	to cool for 1 to 3 h?
b.	Immerse aggregate in water at room Temp. for period of 24 ± 4 h?
C.	Remove sample from water and roll particles in a large absorbent cloth (towel) removing all visible
	films of water taking care to avoid evaporation of water from aggregate pores during the saturated-
	surface-dry (SSD) operation?
d.	Determine mass of the test sample in the SSD condition and record?
e.	Place SSD sample in water container and determine apparent mass in water at
	23 ± 2.0°C – shake container to remove any trapped air before weighing?
f.	Determine mass in water and record?
g.	Dry sample in oven at $110 \pm 5.0^{\circ}$ C – cool at room temp. for 1 to 3 h and
	determine mass?

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CALCULATIONS / SECTION 9

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	a.	Calculate Relative density (specific gravity) (OD) of oven dried sample?
		Example: Relative Density (specific gravity) (OD) = A/(B - C) Where:
		 A = Mass of oven-dry test sample in air, g. B = Mass of saturated surface-dry sample in air g, C = Apparent mass of saturated test sample in water, g.
	b.	Calculate Relative density (specific gravity) (SSD) – Saturated Surface Dry?
		Example: Relative Density (specific gravity) (SSD) = $B/(B-C)$
	c.	Calculate Apparent Relative Density (apparent specific gravity)?
		Example: Apparent Relative Density (apparent specific gravity) = A/(A-C)
	d.	Calculate % of Absorption
		Example: Absorption, $\% = [(B - A)/A] \times 100$
REPOR	RTIN	NG / SECTION 10
	a. b.	Report Relative Density to the nearest 0.01?
COMM	EN	TS

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